

## 9.007 State University Operating Budgets and Requests

(1) Each university president shall prepare an operating budget, including an Education & General (E&G) Carryforward Spending Plan, for approval by the university board of trustees in accordance with instructions, guidelines and standard formats provided by the Board of Governors.

(2) Each university board of trustees shall adopt an operating budget, including an E&G Carryforward Spending Plan, for the general operation of the university as prescribed by the regulations of the Board of Governors. The university board of trustees-ratified operating budget and E&G Carryforward Spending Plan must be presented to the Board of Governors for approval by a date established by the Chancellor. Each university president shall implement the operating budget and E&G Carryforward Spending Plan of the university as prescribed by Florida Statutes, regulations of the Board of Governors, policies of the university board of trustees, provisions of the General Appropriations Act, and data reflected within the State University System Allocation Summary and Workpapers publication.

(3) The operating budgets of each state university shall consist of the following budget entities:

(a) Education and General (E&G)- reports actual and estimated fiscal year operating revenues and expenditures for all E&G funds, including: General Revenue, Student and Other Fees Trust Fund, Educational Enhancement Trust Fund (Lottery), and the Phosphate Research Trust Fund. In addition, expenditures from university E&G carryforward funds (unexpended balances from all prior-period E&G appropriations) shall be included in the actual history fiscal year reporting. University budgeted E&G carryforward funds shall be reported in the E&G Carryforward Spending Plan Report.

1. Otherwise by law, E&G funds are to be used for E&G activities only, such as, but not limited to, general instruction, research, public service, plant operations and maintenance as defined in Board of Governors guidelines, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, student services, libraries, administrative support, minor capital projects not to exceed \$1 million per individual project, and other enrollment-related and stand-alone operations of the universities.

2. Universities shall accumulate ending E&G fund balances for activities such as those outlined in [paragraph section \(3\)\(a\)\(4\)\(4\)](#). ~~The ending E&G carryforward balances can only be used for nonrecurring expenditures.~~ If Aa at any time, the unencumbered available balance in the E&G fund of the university board of trustees approved operating

budget falls below seven (7) percent of the approved total, the university shall provide a written notification and plan to the Board of Governors to attain a seven (7) percent balance of state operating funds within the next fiscal year.

3. Each university that retains a state operating fund carryforward balance in excess of the seven (7) percent minimum shall submit an E&G Carryforward Spending Plan for its excess carryforward balance. The Carryforward Spending Plan shall be submitted to the university's board of trustees for review, approval, or if necessary, amendment by September 30, 2020, and each September 30 thereafter. The Board of Governors shall review, approve, and amend, if necessary, each university's E&G Carryforward Spending Plan by November 15, 2020, and each November 15 thereafter.
4. A university's E&G Carryforward Spending Plan shall include the estimated cost per planned expenditure and a projected timeline for completion of the expenditure. Authorized expenditures in an E&G Carryforward Spending Plan may include:
  - a. Commitment of funds to a public education capital outlay project for which an appropriation has previously been provided that requires additional funds for completion and which is included in the list required by section 1001.706(12)(d), Florida Statutes;
  - b. Completion of a renovation, repair, or maintenance project (as defined in Board Regulation 14.001) that is consistent with ~~the provisions of~~ section 1013.64(1), Florida Statutes, ~~or up to \$5 million per project and~~ replacement of a minor facility ~~that does not exceed 10,000 gross square feet in size up to \$2 million;~~
  - c. Completion of a remodeling or infrastructure project (as defined in Board Regulation 14.001), including a project for a developmental research school, ~~up to \$10 million per project,~~ if such project is survey recommended pursuant to section 1013.31, Florida Statutes;
  - d. Completion of a repair or replacement project necessary due to damage caused by a natural disaster for buildings included in the inventory required pursuant to section 1013.31, Florida Statutes;
  - e. Operating expenditures that support the university's mission; ~~and that are nonrecurring;~~
  - f. Any purpose specified by the university board of trustees, including funding dedicated to maintenance reserve escrow accounts pursuant to Board Regulation 14.002 and Section 1001.706(12)(c)1., Florida Statutes, or in the General Appropriations Act; and
  - g. A commitment of funds to a contingency reserve for expenses incurred as a result of a state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36, Florida Statutes.

5. Annually, by September 30, the chief financial officer of each university shall certify the unexpended amount of funds appropriated to the university from the General Revenue Fund, the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund, and the Student and Other Fees Trust Fund as of June 30 of the previous fiscal year.
6. A University may spend the minimum carryforward balance of seven (7) percent if a demonstrated emergency exists and the plan is approved by the university's board of trustees and the Board of Governors.
- 7 Expenditures from any source of funds by any university shall not exceed the funds available. No expenditure of funds, contract, or agreement of any nature shall be made that requires additional appropriation of state funds by the Legislature unless specifically authorized in advance by law or the General Appropriations Act.
8. The following units are required to report under this budget entity:  
State Universities  
UF - Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences  
UF Health Science Center  
USF Medical Center  
FSU Medical School  
UCF Medical School  
FIU Medical School  
FAU Medical School  
FAMU-FSU College of Engineering  
Florida Postsecondary Comprehensive Transition Program (UCF)  
Enterprise Cybersecurity Resiliency (USF)  
[Community School Grant Program \(UCF\)](#)

(b) Contracts and Grants - reports actual and estimated year revenues, expenditures, and positions for university functions which are supported by foundations, various state and federal agencies, local units of governments, businesses, and industries. Universities shall comply with all applicable federal, state, local, and university regulations and guidelines as they relate to grants, contracts, and sponsored research programs.

(c) Auxiliary Enterprises - reports actual and estimated year revenues, expenditures, and positions for self-supporting functions such as, but not limited to, parking services, housing, bookstore operations, and food services.

(d) Local Funds - reports actual and estimated year revenues, expenditures, and positions for the following specific areas:

1. Student Activities – revenues generated primarily from the activity and service fee each university is authorized to charge its students as a component of the mandatory fee schedule. Activities commonly supported by these revenues include student government, cultural events, student organizations, and intramural/club events.
  2. Intercollegiate Athletics – revenues generated from the student athletic fee that each university is authorized to collect as a component of the mandatory fee schedule, and from other sources including ticket sales, radio/TV, bowl games, and tournament revenues.
  3. Concession Fund – revenues generated from various vending activities located around the campuses. The university’s budget must reflect the various departments/activities on each campus which benefit from receipt of these funds.
  4. Student Financial Aid – revenues received by the university for loans, grants, scholarships, and other student financial aid. Expenditures of these funds must be reported by activities such as externally-funded loans, student scholarships, need-based financial aid, academic-based financial aid, and athletic grants/scholarships.
  5. Technology Fee – revenues generated from the technology fee that a university is authorized to charge its students as a component of the mandatory fee schedule. Proceeds from this fee shall be used to enhance instructional technology resources for students and faculty.
  6. Board-Approved Fees – student fees presented to the Board of Governors for approval by a university board of trustees that isare intended to address a student need not currently being met through existing university services, operations, or another fee.
  7. Self-Insurance Programs – revenues received by the university from entities and individuals protected by the self-insurance programs. This budget must reflect expenditures related to the administration of the self-insurance programs and the judgments or claims arising out of activities for which the self-insurance program was created.
- (e) Faculty Practice Plan – related to the activities for the state universities’ medical schools and health centers. This budget must be designed to report the monetary level of clinical activity regarding the training of students, post-graduate health professionals, and medical faculty.
- (4) The operating budgets of each university shall represent the following:
- (a) The university’s plan for utilizing the resources available through direct or continuing appropriations by the Legislature, allocation amendments, or from local sources including student tuition and fees. The provisions of the General Appropriations Act and the State University System

Allocation Summary and Workpapers publication will be taken into consideration in the development and preparation of the E&G data.

- (b) Actual prior-year revenues, expenditures (including E&G carryforward amounts expended), and positions, as well as current-year estimated revenues, expenditures, and positions. University E&G carryforward funds shall be budgeted in the E&G Carryforward Spending Plan.
- (c) Assurance that the universities are in compliance with general legislative intent for expenditure of the appropriated state funds and with the Board of Governors' regulations, guidelines and priorities for all funding sources.

(5) Any earnings (interest, investment, or other) resulting from the investment of current-year E&G appropriations are considered to be of the same nature as the original appropriations, and are subject to the same expenditure regulations as the original appropriations. E&G earnings are not to be utilized for non-E&G related activities or for fixed capital outlay activities except as provided by law. Earnings resulting from invested E&G carryforward funds are considered to be additions to the university's E&G carryforward balance and shall be expended in accordance with section (3)(a) of this regulation.

Anticipated earnings for the estimated year from invested E&G funds should not be included when building the detailed operating budget schedules. Estimated-year E&G earnings and planned expenditures of these funds should only be reported on the manually-prepared E&G Schedule I and Summary Schedule I reports.

(6) Any unexpended E&G appropriation carried forward to the fund balance in a new fiscal year shall be utilized in support of ~~nonrecurring~~ E&G activities only unless otherwise provided by law.

~~(7) E&G non-recurring is defined as an expenditure that is not expected to be needed or available after a point in time. Non-recurring expenditures have distinct elements:~~

- ~~(a) Time limited in nature, where an end date to a given contract or activity is known,~~
- ~~(b) There is no promise or guarantee of future funding,~~
- ~~(c) May cross multiple years, but the above two provisions apply,~~
- ~~(d) May address financial challenges resulting from external factors (examples could include, but are not limited to, federal government shutdown, drop in state revenue resulting in a mid-year reduction)~~

~~(78)~~ Any amendments to the approved E&G Carryforward Spending Plan during the fiscal year shall be reported to the Board of Governors for a time period and

| in a format as prescribed by the Chancellor. The approved or amended E&G Carryforward Spending Plan should be used to track actual E&G Carryforward expenditures during the fiscal year to ensure compliance with the spending plan.

| (89) Each university board of trustees may submit to the Chancellor's Office annually a Legislative Budget Request for operations. Such requests shall be made in accordance with the fiscal policy guidelines, formats, instructions, and schedule provided by the Chancellor.

| Authority: Section 7(d), Art. IX, Fla. Const., History: New 12-6-07, Amended 11-21-13, 9-22-16, 10-30-19, 9-16-20, 8-26-22, 05-10-2023, [-XX-XX-XX](#)