Guidance Regarding the Implementation of General Education Core Digital Badges at Florida College System and State University System Institutions

Developed Pursuant to Section 1007.25, Florida Statutes, General education courses; common prerequisites; other degree requirements

April 2022, Version 3.0

#### Section 1 – Background

House Bill 1507 (2021) was signed by Governor DeSantis on June 24, 2021. This bill amends section (s.) 1007.25, Florida Statutes (F.S.), to require public postsecondary institutions to award students a nationally recognized digital badge upon completion of general education core courses that demonstrate career readiness, beginning with students who initially enter a postsecondary institution in fall 2022 for the 2022-2023 academic year.

The bill charges the State Board of Education (SBOE) and the Board of Governors (BOG) for the State University System (SUS) to jointly appoint faculty committees to identify the competencies within the general education core that demonstrate career readiness and will result in the award of a "verifiable and interoperable nationally recognized digital credential." These badges must be awarded and recognized by every public postsecondary institution in the Florida College System (FCS) and SUS.

#### **General Education Core Courses**

<u>Section (s.) 1007.25, Florida Statutes (F.S.)</u>, outlines the general education curriculum required for all students earning an associate or baccalaureate degree from a Florida public college or university. For associate in arts and baccalaureate degrees that require 36 hours of general education, 15 of those 36 credit hours are considered the "general education core."

The general education core covers the subject areas of communication, mathematics, humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences. The remaining hours to complete the general education requirement are at the institution's discretion. General education core went into effect for students entering in 2015-16 academic year and thereafter. Effective fall 2022 of the 2022-2023 academic year, associate in science degree-seeking students at FCS institutions will be required to fulfill the 15 hours of general education core.

In response to House Bill 7135, which passed during the 2012 legislative session, and Senate Bill 1720, which passed during the 2013 legislative session, the SBOE and BOG developed a process to adopt the general education core courses. Specifically, they appointed a General Education Steering Committee of five members, each from the Florida College System and State University System. In addition, five faculty committees were formed that made recommendations of the specific courses to be included in the core.

The current list of approved general education core courses is listed in table 1; these are derived from Board of Governors Regulation 8.005 - General Education Core Course Options and State Board of Education Rule 6A-14.0303, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) - General Education Core Course Options. Students in applicable programs must complete one course in each discipline area. While institutions are not required to offer all core courses, all SUS and FCS institutions must accept these courses for transfer credit.

Table 1. General Education Core Courses

Subject Area	Approved General Education Core Course		
Communication	English Composition (ENC X101)		
Communication	<ul> <li>An English course with the course above as a direct prerequisite.</li> </ul>		
	College Algebra (MAC X105)		
	Calculus I (MAC X311)		
	Liberal Arts Mathematics I (MGF X106)		
Mathematics	Liberal Arts Mathematics I (MGF X107)		
	Statistical Methods (STA X023)		
	<ul> <li>A math course with one of the above courses above as a direct prerequisite.</li> </ul>		
	Art Appreciation (ARH X000)		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Humanities (HUM X020)</li> </ul>		
I li una a militira a	Introduction to Literature (LIT X000)		
Humanities	<ul> <li>Introduction to Music Literature/Music Appreciation (MUL X010)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Philosophy (PHI X010)</li> </ul>		
	Theatre Appreciation (THE X000)		
	<ul> <li>Introductory Survey Since 1877 (AMH X020)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Anthropology (ANT X000)</li> </ul>		
Social Sciences	Macroeconomics (ECO X013)		
Social Sciences	American Government (POS X041)		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Psychology (PSY X012)</li> </ul>		
	Principles of Sociology (SYG X000)		
	Descriptive Astronomy (AST X002)		
	General Biology (BSC X005)		
	General Biology I (BSC X010)		
	<ul> <li>Anatomy and Physiology I (BSC X085)</li> </ul>		
	Chemistry for Liberal Studies (CHM X020)		
Natural Sciences	General Chemistry I (CHM X045)		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Earth Science (ESC X000)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Environmental Science (EVR X001)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Fundamentals of Physics (PHY X020)</li> </ul>		
	General Physics with Calculus (PHY X048)		
	General Physics I (PHY X058)		
	A natural science course with one of the courses above as a direct		
	prerequisite.		

#### **Career Readiness Skills**

The Florida Talent Development Council (TDC) was created to develop a coordinated, data-driven, statewide approach to meeting Florida's needs for a 21st-century workforce that employers and educators use as part of Florida's talent supply system. As such, the TDC was charged with identifying career readiness skills – also known as employability skills – to inform the general education digital badge. The TDC identified nine domains of career readiness skills with associated competencies outlined in detail in Appendix A.

- **Applied Academic Skills**: Applied academic skills are evident daily in homework assignments, classwork, and Q&A exchanges during lessons.
- **Critical Thinking Skills**: Critical thinking skills are evident in homework, group work, project-based tasks, and presentations.
- Information Use: Information use can include retrieving information from any medium (e.g., print, TV, Internet, or in-person) and can be as simple as looking up one piece of information to writing a term paper or preparing an oral presentation.
- **Communication Skills**: Routinely displayed in students' everyday actions in the classroom how they participate in lessons, contribute to the learning environment, treat their fellow students, and govern themselves.
- **Technology Use**: In the classroom and workplace, technology skills typically refer to the use of digital electronics.
- Interpersonal Skills: Interpersonal skills are almost always displayed when students work in pairs or teams to complete short-term or long-term tasks.
- **Personal Qualities**: Personal qualities are routinely displayed in students' everyday actions in the classroom how they participate in lessons, communicate, contribute to the learning environment, treat their fellow students, and govern themselves.
- **Resource Management:** Resource management is often a component of project-based learning and collaborative group work but can also apply to how an individual student manages class time.
- **Systems Thinking**: A team working in sync to accomplish an assignment can be considered a system.

Additionally, for higher education, the <u>National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE)</u> believes career readiness provides "a framework for addressing career-related goals and outcomes of curricular and extracurricular activities, regardless of the student's field of study." Nearly half of FCS institutions and all 12 SUS institutions have a membership to NACE. NACE identified eight competencies for a career-ready workforce, with the most recently revised list published in 2020. These competencies are career & self-development, communication, critical thinking, equity & inclusion, leadership, professionalism, teamwork, and technology.

While the TDC and NACE competencies are not exhaustive, they provide an excellent starting point for operationalizing career readiness skills.

#### Alignment of General Education and Career Readiness Skills

To better understand how existing general education student learning outcomes (SLOs) align with career readiness skills, Florida Department of Education (FDOE) staff did an environmental scan of all 40 institutional websites, catalogs, and institutional effectiveness/accreditation webpages. The purpose of this scan was to identify broad, institutional general education SLOs. Once the general education SLOs were identified, staff then grouped them thematically, looking for areas of consistency across multiple institutions.

- Quantitative and scientific reasoning: Students will understand and apply the scientific method, as well as quantitative and qualitative research methods, to a variety of questions and concepts, not limited only to those dealing with scientific understanding.
- **Communication skills**: Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
- **Information literacy**: Students will demonstrate the ability to access, evaluate, incorporate, organize, and document information.
- **Critical thinking:** Students will use systematic and creative thinking skills to analyze and evaluate issues and arguments, solve problems, and/or make decisions.
- **Computer & technology skills:** Students will effectively apply current technology appropriate for academic assignments and/or career needs.
- Mathematical concepts: Students will determine appropriate mathematical and computational models and methods in problem-solving and demonstrate an understanding of mathematical concepts.
- **Creative thinking:** Students will think creatively, logically, critically, and reflectively to analyze, synthesize, use and evaluate information.
- **Social responsibility:** Students will exhibit responsibility in personal, civic, professional, and educational environments.

It is important to note not every institution included all the general education SLOs. Additionally, verbiage varied across institutions. Lastly, the course-level SLOs were not examined as part of the staff analysis; course-level SLOs will be reviewed at the faculty committee level.

In examining general education student learning outcomes compared to the career readiness skills identified by the TDC, several domains were found to directly align with existing general education curricula, as shown in Table 2. In other words, there was evidence that students received instruction or had outcomes measured in the following career readiness areas. A detailed crosswalk of the TDC career readiness skills to the general education SLOs is provided in Appendix A.

Table 2. Summary Crosswalk of Career Readiness Skills to General Education Student Learning Outcomes

Talent Developmen	t Council Career Readiness Skills	Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
Communication Skills	<ul> <li>Communicates verbally</li> <li>Listens actively</li> <li>Comprehends written material</li> <li>Conveys information in writing</li> <li>Observes carefully</li> </ul>	Fundamentals of Written     Communication
Applied Academic Skills	<ul> <li>Reading skills</li> <li>Writing skills</li> <li>Logic</li> <li>Math strategies/ procedures</li> <li>Scientific principles/ procedures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fundamentals of Written Communication</li> <li>Critical Thinking</li> <li>Mathematical Concepts</li> <li>Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning</li> </ul>
Critical Thinking Skills	<ul> <li>Thinks creatively</li> <li>Thinks critically</li> <li>Makes sound decisions</li> <li>Research</li> <li>Solves problems</li> <li>Reasons</li> <li>Plans/organizes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Creative Thinking</li> <li>Critical Thinking</li> <li>Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning</li> <li>Information Literacy</li> </ul>
Information Use  Technology Use	<ul> <li>Locates</li> <li>Organizes</li> <li>Uses</li> <li>Analyzes</li> <li>Communicates</li> </ul> Understands and uses technology	<ul> <li>Fundamentals of Written         Communication</li> <li>Critical Thinking</li> <li>Mathematical Concepts</li> <li>Quantitative and Scientific         Reasoning</li> <li>Information Literacy</li> </ul>
Personal Qualities	<ul> <li>Understands and uses technology</li> <li>Demonstrates responsibility and self-discipline</li> <li>Adapts and shows flexibility</li> <li>Learning/Coachability</li> <li>Attention to Detail</li> <li>Works independently</li> <li>Ability to regulate emotions</li> </ul>	Social Responsibility

Talent Development Council Career Readiness Skills		Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
le	emonstrates a willingness to earn emonstrates integrity emonstrates professionalism akes initiative ependability bisplays a positive attitude and ense of self-worth akes responsibility for rofessional growth	

The TDC identified three career readiness competencies for which direct alignment with general education SLOs was not readily apparent: interpersonal skills, resource management, systems thinking. This is not to say alignment does not exist; it is feasible that individual institutions are currently measuring student progress in these areas. However, for purposes of the general education digital badge, it is thought the areas of direct alignment would be the best place to start.

#### Section 2 – Identification of General Education Digital Badges

The implementation of general education digital badges will be under the guidance of the SBOE and the Board of Governors. Staff from the Division of Florida Colleges (DFC), Office of the Board of Governors, and Office of Articulation collaborated to develop procedures related to institutional implementation of the digital badge. It is the intention to ensure public postsecondary institutions a seamless administration of the digital badges.

#### **Guiding Principles**

When considering how to implement the general education digital badge, the following guiding principles were developed, informed by statute, rule, analysis of HB 1507, and input from the field. These principles serve as the foundation of the general education digital badge implementation.

### Principle 1: Academic instruction results in skills that students need to be prepared for their careers.

- The goal of the digital badge is not to change the content of general education core courses. Rather, it is intended to help students translate what they learned in general education courses to the knowledge, skills, and abilities that employers require.
- In other words, digital badges are a way to "re-frame" the student learning outcomes in the context of what students need to succeed in the world of work.
- The intent is to develop a series of digital badges that students may earn upon general education core course(s) completion. The digital badges could be earned upon completing a single course or upon completing a collection of courses, as determined by faculty committees.
- A grade of "C" or better is needed for each course associated with the earning of a digital badge.
- Based on this information, examples of digital badges include but are not limited to the following.
  - A grade of "C" or higher in ENC 1101 results in a "Fundamentals of Written Communication" digital badge.
  - A grade of "C" or higher in any course in natural sciences and a grade of "C" or higher in any course in mathematics results in a "Quantitative Reasoning" digital badge.

### Principle 2: Faculty drive the process of identifying the competencies that demonstrate career readiness skills.

• Faculty credentialed to teach in the general education core course prefixes are subject matter experts in their respective fields. As such, they should play the primary role in translating general education course learning outcomes to career readiness skills.

- This identification of career readiness skills should be grounded in employer and industry needs, as articulated through the TDC, NACE, or other resources.
- Faculty will assist in defining the digital badge selection and identifying the course(s) required to earn the digital badge.
- If the faculty committee assigned to the digital badge identification determines changes are needed to the statewide course in the Statewide Course Numbering System (SCNS), the process of modifying a statewide course should be followed, incorporating existing processes and committees.

# Principle 3: Students should be able to easily access information about their education and training.

- College and university catalogs should clearly identify the digital badges available to students and the terms under which the digital badge is earned, awarded, and made available to the student even upon degree completion.
- To ensure the statutory goal of having a badge that all Florida public postsecondary institutions recognize is realized, the Florida Automated System for Transferring Educational Records (FASTER) will be modified to add fields for all general education digital badges.
- A key goal of the digital badge is for students to have easy access to sharing the digital badges earned with prospective and current employers. Until a statewide solution is realized, institutions will determine the most appropriate approach for ensuring this information is available as students seek employment.

#### **Process**

Step 1 – Identified digital badge	Using data and resources provided, including the work of the Talent Development Council and the NACE career readiness competencies, staff from the Division of Florida Colleges and Office of the Board of Governors ("staff") identified the first digital badge of "Fundamentals of Written Communication."
Step 2 – Formed faculty committee	On behalf of the SBOE and BOG, staff recruited faculty members to serve on the "Fundamentals of Written Communication" badge committee for the FCS and SUS, respectively. See Appendix B for a full list of committee members.
Step 3 – Convened faculty committee	On February 17, 2022, staff hosted a virtual "orientation" for all faculty participants. During this kickoff event, faculty participants were provided an overview of the digital badge language in s. 1007.25, F.S., purpose of the digital badges, and the scope of work for the faculty committee.

	On February 25, 2022, faculty were again convened to provide verbal feedback on the subject matter components of the template, which includes four components:  • definition of digital badge competency; • required course(s) chosen to earn the badge; • learning outcomes of the digital badge; and • career readiness competencies aligned with the digital badge.  Based on the feedback from the convening, staff modified the four subject matter components of the template to reflect any necessary changes and shared with committee members for final review. Staff also obtained employer feedback on the components related to importance in the workforce.
Step 4 – Published digital badges for public postsecondary institutions	The general education digital badge for "Fundamentals of Written Communication" is published for institutional and student use in accordance with this guidance document.

When identifying future digital badges to add to the inventory, a similar process will be followed.

#### Section 3 – Guidance for Implementing General Education Digital Badges

This section is intended to provide an overview of the procedures for issuing digital badges.

#### **Participating Institutions**

All SUS and FCS institutions identified in s. 1000.21, F.S., are required to grant and accept the identified digital badge(s).

- If the digital badge is earned upon successful **completion of a single (one) course**, the institution where the student received a grade of "C" or better shall grant and automatically award the digital badge.
- If the digital badge is earned upon successful completion of more than one course, the
  institution where the student completed the last course(s) required to earn the digital
  badge shall grant and automatically award the digital badge, so long as the student
  completed all the identified general education core courses with a grade of "C" or
  better.

#### **Eligible Students**

- Students entering in 2022-23: Pursuant to s. 1007.25(4), F.S., all students initially entering a public postsecondary institution in the 2022-23 academic year (fall 2022) and thereafter and enroll in general education core courses are eligible for the awarding of a digital badge. This is inclusive of dual enrollment students who complete core courses while in high school in the 2022-23 academic year and thereafter. Minimally, institutions are required to award badges to students meeting these criteria.
- Students who complete required course(s) regardless of entry year: Additionally, institutions may choose to grant the digital badge to any student who completes the required courses with a grade "C" or better, regardless of entry year, so long as the course-level learning outcomes reflect the competencies for which the badge trains. This includes students who completed the required course while they were dually enrolled and then matriculated to the same institution. Awarding the badge(s) regardless of entry year is at the institution's discretion.
- Students with transcripted credit via acceleration mechanisms or transfer:
  - Acceleration mechanisms: Pursuant to s. 1007.27, F.S., Florida public postsecondary institutions must award credit earned through acceleration mechanisms, including <u>credit by examination</u> (e.g., AP, IB, AICE, and CLEP). Students entering with credit-by-exam should not be negatively impacted if their acceleration credit allows them to bypass a general education requirement. Therefore, institutions are encouraged to award digital badges to students who receive transcripted credit for the general education core course(s) required to complete the digital badge.

- For example, assume a grade of "C" or higher in ENC 1101 results in a "Fundamentals of Written Communication" digital badge. If a student is entering with AP score of three or higher in English Language and Composition, the college is required to transcript credit for ENC 1101 pursuant to Rule 6A-10.024, F.A.C. These students would be eligible for the digital badge because they received credit for the required course.
- Transfer under Statewide Course Numbering System (SCNS): Pursuant to s. 1007.24, F.S., any student who transfers among postsecondary institutions that are fully accredited and that participate in SCNS shall be awarded credit by the receiving institution for courses satisfactorily completed by the student at the previous institutions. Institutions may award digital badges to students who enter an institution with ENC 1101 on their postsecondary transcript. Awarding the badge(s) for incoming students who have ENC 1101 on their transcripts is at the discretion of the institution. This includes students who completed ENC 1101 while dually enrolled and who have not already received a digital badge from the institution where they dually enrolled.
- Transfer from out-of-state/private institutions: Students who transfer from
  private institutions that do not participate in SCNS or out-of-state institutions
  who are awarded credit for ENC 1101 following a transcript evaluation may be
  granted the digital badge so long as the course-level learning outcomes reflect
  the competencies for which the badge trains. Awarding the badge(s) for any
  transfer student from private or out-of-state institutions is at the discretion of
  the institution.

#### **Institutional Obligations**

- 1. Advertising in Catalog: In accordance with s. 1007.25(4), F.S., students must be able to distinguish in the public postsecondary institution's catalog which general education core courses are linked to earning a digital badge. This requirement is in effect starting fall 2022 for the 2022-2023 academic year and thereafter.
- 2. **Granting Digital Badges:** Statute specifies postsecondary institutions are responsible for "granting" students the digital badge(s). Until a statewide solution is realized, institutions will determine the most appropriate approach for ensuring this information is available as students seek employment. It is expected that institutions will develop a process to automatically grant the digital badge to students upon meeting the minimum requirements.
- **3. FASTER Transcripts**: Institutions will record digital badges earned via FASTER. The FASTER Postsecondary Course Demographic Record Format (P01) will be modified to reflect student attainment of digital badges. As faculty committees identify digital badges, the table values will be expanded accordingly.

#### PROPOSED CHANGES TO FASTER RELATED TO DIGITAL BADGING

[s. 1007.25(4), F.S.]

#### **P01 Demographic Record Format**

Field	Character	risti	cs:	Format Characteristics:	
			Name:		
				Number:	
				Record Size: 1020	
11g	35-39	5	A	General Education Digital Badges*	
				Beginning in the 2022-2023 school year, in accordance with s.1007.25(4), this item denotes whether the student has been issued a digital badge associated with completion of general education core courses that demonstrate career readiness.	
				<u>Code</u> <u>Definition</u>	
				A Student was issued a Fundamentals of Written Communication digital badge.	
				Z Not Applicable	
11h	40-47	8	A/N	Filler	

Note: It is at each institution's discretion whether or not to include the digital badge on local academic transcripts. Until a statewide solution is developed, institutions are encouraged to post a student's digital badges:

- On a co-curricular transcript;
- Through a digital badging platform;
- Through career center platforms; or
- Any other means by which a student can easily access the badge(s).

#### 4. Reporting Requirements

• **State University System:** TBD.

 Florida College System: Institutions will be required to report general education digital badges through state reporting. Within the Student Database, Data Element 2123, General Education Digital Badge, was created to capture digital badges. As faculty committees identify digital badges, the table values will be expanded accordingly.

#### Description:

Indicates the student has been issued a digital badge under section 1007.25, F.S. associated with completion of general education core courses that demonstrate career readiness. Florida College System institutions and state universities became required to issue and accept the digital badge for students initially entering in 2022-2023 and thereafter.

#### **TABLE VALUES**

- A Student was issued a Fundamentals in Written Communication digital badge
- Z Not Applicable

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. General education core courses are identified in State Board of Education Rule 6A-14.0303, F.A.C.
- General education core courses became a requirement for associate in arts and baccalaureate firsttime-in-college students entering a Florida College System institution in the Fall Term 2015, and thereafter.
- 3. General education core courses became a requirement for associate in science/associate in applied science students entering their program in 2022-23 and thereafter.
- 4. Edits 2123\_1, 2123\_2, 2123\_3, 2123\_4, and 2123\_5 will become critical starting with the 2023-24 Summer (1E) submission.

#### Section 4 – Fundamentals of Written Communication

Appendix C contains a template that institutions may use to advertise the digital badge to students. Institutions may also adapt the minimum requirements and recommendations to their own local branding, templates, systems, and language.

#### **Minimum Requirements**

Students must be informed that the digital badge will be awarded automatically upon completion of ENCX101 or a course for which ENCX101 is a prerequisite with a grade "C" or better. Institutions must include the following language, which was approved by the faculty committee, in materials describing the definition, learning outcomes, and importance in the workplace of the digital badge.

#### **Defining "Fundamentals of Written Communication"**

Effective written communication is defined as the ability to communicate ideas and perspectives clearly, adapt the message to different audiences and situations, and use the appropriate style and delivery method to convey meaning in various written contexts.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

By completing the college course associated with this badge, you will demonstrate information literacy, comprehension of written material, and conveying information in writing for a variety of rhetorical purposes and audiences. Some of the learning outcomes associated with the college course that results in this badge include:

- Understanding and analyzing written material.
- Synthesizing information and ideas.
- Developing content relevant to the purpose.
- Demonstrating the ability to write to a specific audience.
- Presenting a perspective informed by research and critical thinking.
- Revising written communication based on feedback.

#### Importance in Workplace

- Endorses proper interpretation and evaluation of information in a wide variety of texts.
- Promotes research, critical thinking, and problem solving.
- Fosters the development of clearly written material relevant to the intent.
- Encourages the use of appropriate language for the intended audience.
- Increases the competent, effective, and responsible use of information

#### Image

A digital badge image is available for institutions to download and provide to students upon receipt. This badge includes the logos for the FCS and SUS and includes the title, "Fundamentals of Written Communication."

#### Recommendations

Institutions are encouraged to add additional details about the badge, including, but not limited to, the following.

- Value of digital badge. Institutions are encouraged to note the value proposition for students. Institutions may create their own value statement or adapt the following language: Florida public postsecondary institutions now offer students a Fundamentals of Written Communication digital badge. With this badge, you will be able to enhance your personal communication skills and convey to future employers that you have acquired vital skills needed for professional success.
- Statewide approach to badging. Since this is a statewide effort, it is suggested that institutions note who may earn the badge across the state. Institutions may create their own statement or adapt the following language: The digital badge is earned by completing general education core courses, which are already built into associate in science, associate in arts and baccalaureate degree programs. Florida's 12 state universities and 28 state colleges will automatically award the badge upon completion of the required coursework. And because the badge will appear on your FASTER transcript, it will be accepted by all institutions if you choose to transfer.
- Eligibility requirements. Minimally, institutions must award the badge to all students initially entering a public postsecondary institution in the 2022-23 academic year (fall 2022) and thereafter who successfully complete ENCX101. Additionally, institutions may wish to extend the ability to earn the badge to other students; namely, students who complete the required course regardless of entry year and students entering with credit-by-exam. If that is the case, institutions are encouraged to provide additional details for those populations of students, including any guidance for how the badge will be earned.
- How badge will be granted. Each institution will determine whether or not the digital badge is placed on local academic transcripts. Alternatively, institutions may consider posting a student's digital badges: on a co-curricular transcript; through a digital badging platform; through career center platforms; or by any other means by which a student can easily access the badge(s). Institutions are encouraged to share this information with students, including the timing of when digital badges will be awarded and where students may go to retrieve their digital badges.
- **Contact information**. Institutions are encouraged to identify who students may contact should they have questions about eligibility or receipt of digital badges.

#### Section 5 – Frequently Asked Questions

1. Is the intent for the digital badge to reflect mastery of the general education core or career readiness skills?

The intent is to translate the knowledge from general education core courses into career readiness skills that employers seek.

- Is the intent that students have the opportunity to earn multiple digital badges?
   Yes, it is the intent that students will have the opportunity to earn multiple digital badges after successful completing a single general education core course or multiple courses.
- 3. Is there a grade requirement to earn a digital badge?

Yes, a grade of "C" or higher is required in each core course associated with earning a digital badge.

4. Is it possible that students would have a choice of general education core courses to earn a digital badge?

Yes, it is possible a student will have the opportunity to select from a group of general education core courses to earn digital badge(s).

5. Is there an expectation that students engage in co-curricular activities in addition to successful completion of the general education core course (or courses) to earn a digital badge?

No, awarding of the badge is linked to successful course completion. However, participation in various educational activities outside the classroom may be a requirement set by the instructor for a general education core course which leads to a digital badge.

6. Is the intent that a digital badge be associated with all general education core courses specified in Rule 6A-14.0303, F.A.C.?

Not necessarily. It is feasible that faculty may identify a subset of the general education core courses to link to digital badges.

7. Is the intent that a digital badge be created for all the career readiness skills identified by the TDC?

Not necessarily. It is feasible that existing general education core courses do not contain career readiness competencies.

8. What is the scope of faculty engagement?

The faculty engagement will include consultation on the:

- definition of digital badge competency;
- required course(s) chosen to earn the badge;
- learning outcomes of the digital badge; and
- career readiness competencies aligned with the digital badge.
- 9. Will the faculty committees recommend the digital badges to be awarded?

  Institutional representatives, including faculty members in general education core courses, will be asked to provide input and suggestions on new or existing badges.
- 10. Will one cross-discipline faculty committee be appointed or multiple committees based on the general education subject areas?

Staff will recruit and convene faculty into multiple committees based on their academic discipline to provide consultation on the digital badge specifically aligned with the course(s) they teach.

11. Is the intent that institutions reflect the digital badge on the transcript?

Digital badges will be indicated on a student's record via the Florida Automated System for Transferring Educational Records (FASTER). It is at each institution's discretion to determine whether or not to include the digital badge on local academic transcripts.

Until a statewide solution is developed, institutions are encouraged to post a student's digital badges on a co-curricular transcript, if utilized by the institution, through a digital badging platform, through career center platforms, or any other means by which a student can easily access the badge(s).

- 12. Will the digital badge be automatically awarded by the issuing institution?

  Yes, the issuing institution will automatically award each digital badge once students earn a grade of "C" or better in the general education core courses associated with the badge.
- 13. Is there a statewide image for the digital badge?

  Yes, an image for the digital badge is available for institutional use.
- 14. Are these badges in any way a graduation requirement? No.
- 15. The faculty committees identifying additional digital badges will be comprised of future faculty/discipline expert committees convened through the state, correct?

  Correct.

16. Are institutions required to automatically award the badge to students who enter the institution enrolling in a higher-level course for which the course awarding the digital badge is a prerequisite?

<u>Board of Governors Regulation 8.005</u> and <u>State Board of Education Rule 6A-14.0303</u>, <u>F.A.C.</u> both provide that a course with an ENC prefix for which ENC 1101 is a direct prerequisite may be used to fulfill the general education core course requirement. If students received transcripted credit for ENC 1101, institutions may award the badge based on receipt of that credit. Alternatively, institutions may award the badge for the higher-level course at their discretion. Awarding a badge for a higher-level course is not a requirement.

17. For future badges, will the receipt of the badge be based on passing a single course or is there a possibility that students will need to complete a combination of courses?

Future badges may require successful completion of more than one general education core course.

18. Are institutions required to display information about meeting digital badge requirements at the time of class registration?

The statute requires the digital badge be placed in the institution's catalog. Advertising beyond the catalog is a local decision.

19. To award the badge, is it permissible to use Credly, Handshake, Badger, LinkedIn Learning, or another technology solution that my institution already uses?

Yes.

20. If our institution already has an institutional badge design, can we continue using it or do we need to use the template provided?

Institutions should use the provided badge design (as-is) for consistency across the state.

21. Do students have to apply or should the badge be automatically granted?

Students who pass ENC 1101 with a "C" or better in fall 2022 and thereafter should be automatically granted the badge; they should not have to apply. For other student populations (e.g., transfers from out-of-state, students who took the course a prior year, etc.), the institution is responsible for determining the process by which a badge may be awarded (e.g., student-initiated or institution-initiated).

22. Other than students receiving a grade of a "C" or better in the course, is any other assessment of the SLOs expected?

No.

23. What is a receiving institution supposed to do with the FASTER indication of the badge having been awarded by the sending institution?

The primary reason for including the FASTER field is so receiving institutions know the badge has already been granted.

24. Minimally, what is required to be posted in institutional catalogs? Is standard language available for use?

Pursuant to s. 1007.25, F.S., "each student must be able to distinguish in the institution's catalog which general education core courses are linked to earning a digital credential." Please see below for sample language. Institutions are encouraged to review section 4 of this guidance document for additional content.

If displaying badge information in the catalog course description, the following language is suggested for ENC X101.

Completion of this course with a grade of "C" or better is linked to earning the Fundamentals of Written Communication digital badge.

If displaying badge information in another section of the catalog (e.g., academic information, undergraduate information, academic programs, etc.), the following language is suggested.

Effective fall 2022 and thereafter, Florida public postsecondary institutions offer students a Fundamentals of Written Communication digital badge. With this badge, you will be able to enhance your personal communication skills and convey to future employers that you have acquired vital skills needed for professional success. The digital badge will automatically be awarded to you upon successful completion of ENC X101 with a grade of "C" or better. Visit [webpage] for more information.

25. Florida College System only. For state reporting, will we have to report on the students who received a badge retroactively? What exactly will we be reporting on?

This reporting will only apply to students who were captured in the Student Database in the reporting year. FCS institutions will report on the number of students in the reporting year who earned a badge.

## **Appendices**

Appendix A. Crosswalk of Career Readiness Skills to General Education Student Learning Outcomes

Appendix B. Faculty Committee Membership for Fundamentals of Written Communication

Appendix C. Template for Fundamentals of Written Communication Digital Badge

# <u>Appendix A. Detailed Crosswalk of Career Readiness Skills to General Education</u> <u>Student Learning Outcomes</u>

Talent Development Council Skills	Career Readiness	Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
	Reading skills	Fundamentals of Written Communication  Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
Applied Academic Skills Applied academic skills are evident daily in homework assignments, classwork,	Writing skills	Fundamentals of Written Communication Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
and Q&A exchanges during lessons.	Logic	Critical Thinking Students will think creatively, logically, critically, and reflectively to analyze, synthesize, use and evaluate information.
	Math strategies/ procedures	Mathematical Concepts  Students will determine appropriate mathematical and computational models and methods in problem-solving, and demonstrate an understanding of mathematical concepts.
	Scientific principles/ procedures	Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning Understand and apply the scientific method, as well as quantitative and qualitative research methods, to a variety of questions and concepts, not limited only to those dealing with scientific understanding.
Critical Thinking Skills Critical thinking skills are evident in homework, group work, project-based tasks, and presentations.	Thinks creatively	Creative Thinking Students will use systematic and creative thinking skills to analyze and evaluate issues and arguments, to solve problems, and/or to make decisions.
	Thinks critically	Critical Thinking  Students will think creatively, logically, critically and reflectively to analyze, synthesize, use and evaluate information.
	Makes sound decisions	Critical Thinking Students will think creatively, logically, critically and reflectively to analyze, synthesize, use and evaluate information.
	Research	Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning Understand and apply the scientific method, as well as quantitative and qualitative research methods, to a variety of questions

Talent Development Council Career Readiness Skills		Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
		and concepts, not limited only to those
		dealing with scientific understanding.
		Critical Thinking
		Students will think creatively, logically,
	Solves problems	critically and reflectively to analyze,
		synthesize, use and evaluate information.
		Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning
		Understand and apply the scientific method,
	Reasons	as well as quantitative and qualitative
		research methods, to a variety of questions
		and concepts, not limited only to those
		dealing with scientific understanding.
		Information Literacy
	Plans/organizes	Demonstrate the ability to access, evaluate,
	Fialis/ Organizes	incorporate, organize, and document
		information.
Interpersonal Skills	Understands	
Interpersonal skills are	teamwork and works	Indeterminate alignment
almost always displayed	with others	-
when students work in	Responds to	
pairs or teams to complete	customer needs	Indeterminate alignment
short-term or long-term	Exercises leadership	Indeterminate alignment
tasks.	Negotiates to resolve	-
	conflict	Indeterminate alignment
	Respects individual differences	Indeterminate alignment
Personal Qualities	Demonstrates	Social Responsibility
Personal qualities are	responsibility and	Learner exhibits responsibility in personal,
routinely displayed in	· ·	civic, professional, and educational
	self-discipline	environments.
students' everyday actions in the classroom — how	Adapts and shows flexibility	Indeterminate alignment
they participate in lessons, communicate, contribute to the learning	Learning/Coachabilit	Indeterminate alignment
environment, treat their fellow students, and govern themselves.	Attention to Detail	Indeterminate alignment
	Works independently	Indeterminate alignment
	Ability to regulate emotions	Indeterminate alignment
	Demonstrates a willingness to learn	Indeterminate alignment
	Demonstrates integrity	Indeterminate alignment

Talent Development Council Career Readiness Skills		Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
	Demonstrates professionalism	Indeterminate alignment
	Takes initiative	Indeterminate alignment
		Social Responsibility
	Dependability	Learner exhibits responsibility in personal, civic, professional, and educational environments.
	Displays a positive attitude and sense of self-worth	
	Takes responsibility	Social Responsibility
	Takes responsibility for professional	Learner exhibits responsibility in personal,
	growth	civic, professional, and educational
	_	environments.
Resource Management	Manages time	Indeterminate alignment
Resource management is	Manages money	Indeterminate alignment
often a component of	Manages resources	Indeterminate alignment
project-based learning and collaborative group work but can also apply to how an individual student manages class time.	Manages personnel	Indeterminate alignment
Information Use	Locates	Information Literacy
Information use can include retrieving information from any medium (e.g., print, TV,		Demonstrate the ability to access, evaluate, incorporate, organize, and document information.
Internet, or in person) and		Information Literacy
can be as simple as looking up one piece of information to writing a term paper or	Organizes	Demonstrate the ability to access, evaluate, incorporate, organize, and document information.
preparing an oral		Information Literacy
presentation.	Uses	Demonstrate the ability to access, evaluate,
	Oses	incorporate, organize, and document
		information.
		Quantitative and Scientific Reasoning
	Analyzes	Understand and apply the scientific method,
		as well as quantitative and qualitative
		research methods, to a variety of questions
		and concepts, not limited only to those dealing with scientific understanding.
	Communicates	Fundamentals of Written Communication
	Communicates	runuamentais of written communication

Talent Development Council Career Readiness Skills		Staff Analysis of Common General Education SLOs that Directly Align with Career Readiness Skills
		Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
Communication Skills Routinely displayed in students' everyday actions	Communicates verbally	Fundamentals of Written Communication Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
in the classroom — how	Customer Service	Indeterminate alignment
they participate in lessons, contribute to the learning environment, treat their fellow students, and govern	Listens actively	Fundamentals of Written Communication  Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
themselves.	Comprehends written material	Fundamentals of Written Communication Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
	Conveys information in writing	Fundamentals of Written Communication  Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
	Observes carefully	Fundamentals of Written Communication Students will demonstrate effective reading, writing, speaking, listening, and nonverbal communication skills.
Systems Thinking A team working in sync to	Understands and uses systems	Indeterminate alignment
accomplish an assignment	Tool Use/Selection	Indeterminate alignment
can be thought of as a	Monitors systems	Indeterminate alignment
system.	Improves systems	Indeterminate alignment
Technology Use		Computer and Technology Skills
In the classroom and workplace, technology skills typically refer to the use of digital electronics.	Understands and uses technology	Effectively applies current technology appropriate for academic assignments and/or career needs.

### Appendix B. Faculty Committee Membership for Fundamentals of Written Communication

Name	Institution	Title
Allen, April	The College of the Florida Keys	English Faculty
		Associate Professor of English &
Barrios, Barclay	Florida Atlantic University	Associate Dean of
		Undergraduate Studies
Basu, Ambar	University of South Florida	Professor & Chair, Department
basu, Ambai	Offiversity of South Florida	of Communication
Benes, Carrie	New College of Florida	Professor of History & Director
Beries, currie	New conege of Horida	of Chart Your Course
Biedenbach, Suzanne	Florida SouthWestern State	Professor of English
	College	-
Bryant, Herman	St. Johns River State College	Professor of English
Calderin, Victor	Miami Dade College - Miami, FL	Professor of English and
,	,	Communications
Creeden, Michael	Florida International University	Professor & Associate Chair,
	·	Department of English
Ertenberg, Samantha	Florida State College at Jacksonville	Professor of English
	Jacksonville	Landa da Barada da da Cara
Faulkner, Ash	University of North Florida	Instructor, Department of
		English
Ford, Na'lmah	Florida Agricultural and	Chair, Department of English
	Mechanical University	and Modern Languages
Hall, Sherry	Palm Beach State College	Professor I
		Professor of Comparative
Jackson, Kimberly	Florida Gulf Coast University	Literature & Chair, Department
		of Language & Literature
Jones, Anna	University of Central Florida	Professor, Department of
		English
Long C Wylio	Florida Polytechnic University	Assistant Professor & Chair,
Lenz, C. Wylie	Fiorida Polytechnic University	Department of Arts, Humanities, & Social Sciences
Mallongo Carab	Indian Biver State College	
Mallonee, Sarah	Indian River State College	Professor of English Faculty, English and First-Year
Martinson, Carol	Polk State College	Experience
		Associate Professor of
May, Jacqueline	Pasco-Hernando State College	Communications
	<del>                                     </del>	Professor, Department of
Montgomery, Maxine	Florida State University	English
O'Donnell, Christine	Pensacola State College	Associate Professor, English
	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.555.666 1.5.65501) 211511511

### Guidance Regarding the Implementation of General Education Core Digital Badges

Name	Institution	Title
Rader, J. Patrick	Lake-Sumter State College	Assistant Professor
		Faculty & Associate Program
Reynolds, Alison	University of Florida	Director, University Writing
		Program
Scott, Kevin	University of West Florida	Professor and Chair, Department
Scott, Reviii	Offiversity of West Florida	of English
Tavares, Alex	Hillsborough Community College	Assistant Professor of English

#### Appendix C. Template for Fundamentals of Written Communication Digital Badge

#### GENERAL EDUCATION DIGITAL BADGE SERIES

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF WRITTEN COMMUNICATION

#### WHAT IS EFFECTIVE WRITTEN COMMUNICATION?

Effective written communication is the ability to communicate ideas, information, and perspectives clearly, adapting a message to different audiences and situations, and using the appropriate style to convey meaning in various written contexts.

Florida public postsecondary institutions now offer students an Effective Communication digital badge. With this badge, youwill be able to not only enhance your personal communication skills but also convey to future employers that you have acquired vital skills needed for professional success.



**HOW TO** EARN THIS DIGITAL BADGE:

Enroll in one of the following college

> ENCx101 OR a course in which ENCx101is a prerequisite

Successfully complete the course with a grade of "C" or better

Digital badge will automatically be awarded by the public institution where you completed the course and added to your FASTER\* transcript

\*FASTER is the Florida Automated System for Transferring Educational Records.



#### WHAT ARE YOU LEARNING BY EARNING THIS BADGE?

By completing the college course associated with this badge, you will demonstrate information literacy, comprehension of written material, and conveying information in writing for a variety of rhetorical purposes and audiences.

Some of the learning outcomes associated with the college course that results in this badge include:

- · Examining and analyzing written material
- Synthesizing information and ideas
- Developing content relevant to the purpose
- Demonstrating the ability to write to a specific audience
- Presenting a perspective informed by research and critical thinking
- Revising written communication based on feedback

**★** Want to learn more? Contact your institution today!

#### GENERAL EDUCATION DIGITAL BADGE SERIES

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF WRITTEN COMMUNICATION



#### WHY IS EFFECTIVE WRITTEN COMMUNICATION IMPORTANT IN THE WORKPLACE?

- Enhances an employee's ability to interpret and evaluate a wide variety of written material
- Promotes research, critical thinking, and problem solving
- · Advances the development of clearly written material relevant to the intent
- Enhances the use of appropriate language for an intended audience
- Increases the competent, effective, and responsible use of information

#### BENEFITS OF DIGITAL BADGES

Colleges and universities are working with employers to develop digital badges that highlight the skills students learn.

Digital badges allow you to showcase your achievements and the skills you've learned through related coursework. With a digital badge, you can...

- · Include on your resume, college co-curricular transcript, job applications, social media, and more.
- · Learn about competencies employers are looking for in your field.
- · Identify open positions linked to the skills and competencies identified in the badges you have
- · Separate yourself from other candidates and applicants.



Communication is the basis of all relationships. Whether personal or professional, you just can't do without effective communication.

Nexa Learning

The best news—there is no additional cost to receive the badge! The digital badge is earned by completion of general education core courses, which are already built into associate in science, associate in arts and baccalaureate degree programs. Florida's 12 state universities and 28 state colleges will automatically award the badge upon completion of the required coursework. And because the badge will appear on your FASTER transcript, it will be accepted by all institutions if you choose to transfer.

Want to learn more? Contact your institution today!