State of Florida

University Bonding

November, 2005

Infrastructure Financing Options

Two Ways For Universities to Incur Debt

- Revenue Bonds Issued by State Board of Education ("SBE") and Board of Governors ("BOG")Through the Division of Bond Finance ("DBF")
- 2. Revenue Bonds Issued by Direct Support Organizations ("DSOs") Affiliated with University

Revenue Bond Financed Facilities

- Dormitories
- Parking Garages
- Athletic Facilities
- Healthcare Facilities
- Research Facilities
- Student Activity Facilities

Overview: University Debt Structure

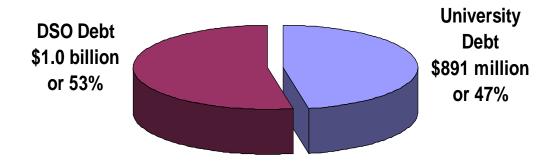
- Facilities Financed on a University-by-University Basis
 - One Exception: State University System Improvement Revenue Bonds
 - Secured by Capital Improvement Fees and Student Building Fees of All Universities
- Revenues Pledged Generated by Facilities Being Financed, i.e., Sales of Auxiliary Enterprises
 - Dormitory Fees for Housing Bonds
 - Parking Fees for Parking Bonds
 - Patient Revenues for Hospital Bonds
 - Ticket Sales for Stadium Bonds
- Evolution to Mandatory Student Fees Rather Than User Fees to Secure Bonds: e.g. Transportation Access Fees, Student Health Fees

University Debt Outstanding

Total University and DSO Debt

Fiscal Year 2004

\$1.9 Billion

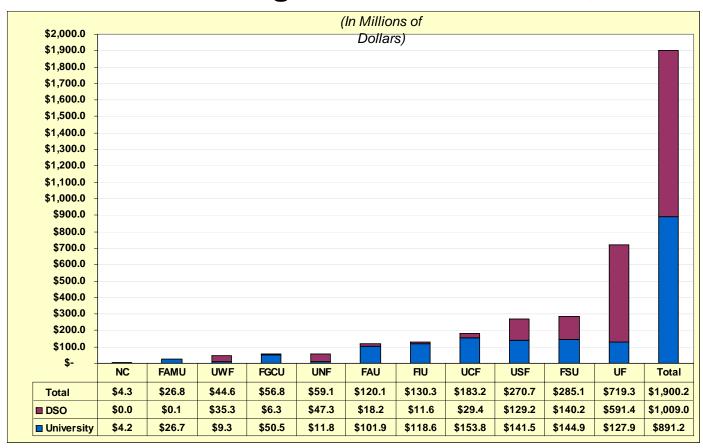


Total University and DSO Debt

University Debt \$ 891 million
DSO Debt \$1,009 million
Total \$1,900 million

Outstanding Debt by University

Outstanding Debt As of June 30, 2004



Total Debt Outstanding = \$1.9 billion

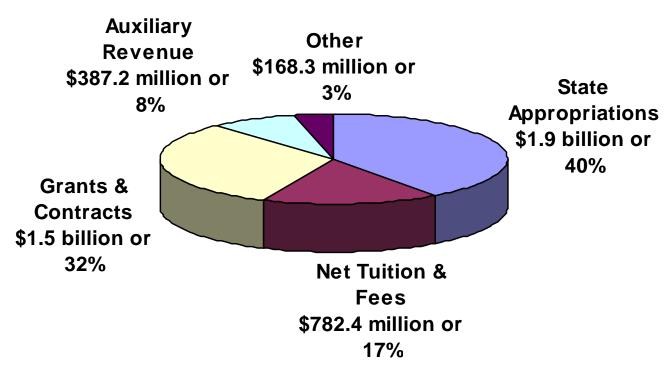
University Revenue All Sources

University Revenues

Fiscal Year 2004

(Not Including Component Units)

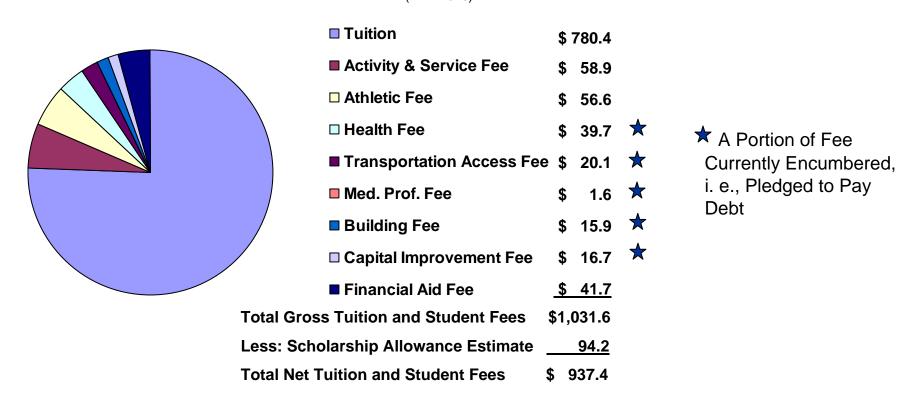
\$4.7 Billion



Total Tuition and Student Fees

Estimated Total University Tuition and Fees*

Fiscal Year 2005 (In millions)



Total All Universities \$ 937.4 million

State Debt Affordability Analysis

- State measures, monitors and manages State debt position through debt affordability analysis
- State's benchmark debt ratio (measure of indebtedness) is debt service to revenues available to pay debt service

Benchmark Debt Ratios: 6% Target

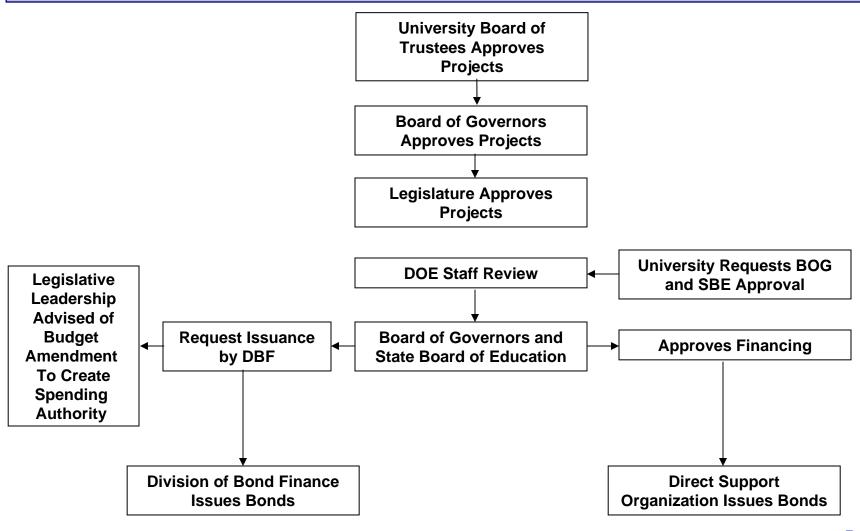
7% Cap

- All debt payable either directly or indirectly by State revenues is included in calculation of State's debt burden
- A portion of university debt should be counted towards State's debt burden
- University debt secured by mandatory fees counted toward State's debt burden
- University debt secured by self-sustaining enterprises, e.g., dormitories, healthcare, athletic facilities, not counted towards State's debt burden

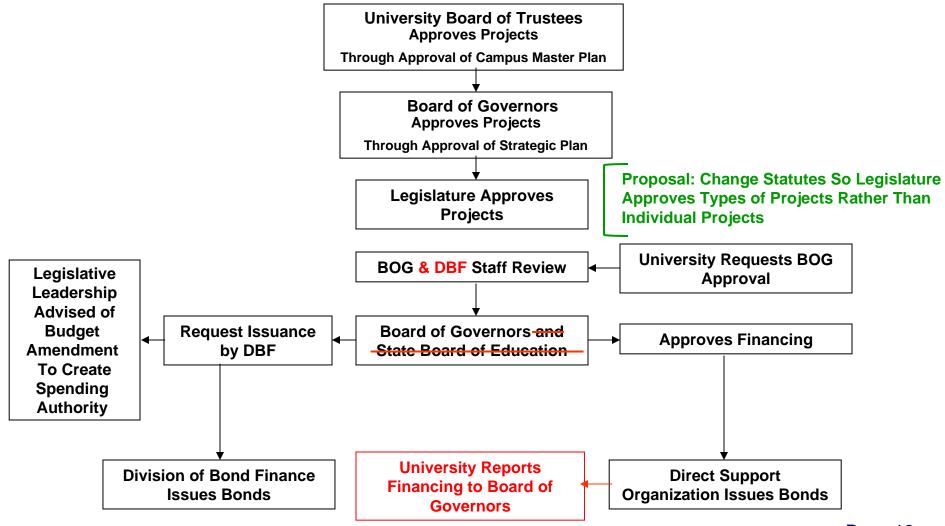
Recommendations

- Establish Definitive Process for Authorizing the Issuance of Debt
 - Require Board of Governors' Review and Approval for the Issuance of Debt for University Projects
- Specify Revenues That Can Be Pledged to Pay Debt Service on Bonds or Other Forms of Indebtedness and Prohibit All Others
- Develop Debt Management Policies for University Debt and Criteria for Project Feasibility

Existing Approval Process



Proposed Approval Process



Proposal Accelerates Approval Process

Current Process		Proposed Process	
Spring '06	University Develops Project	Spring '06	University Develops Project and
			Financing -University BOT Approves
Fall '06	BOG Approves Project		
	(Included in Legislative Budget Request)	Summer '06	BOG Approves Project and Financing
Spring '07	Legislature Approves Project		
	(Included in Appropriations Act)	Fall '06	Plan of Finance Developed
Summer '07	BOG Approves Project Financing	Winter '06/'07	Bonds Issued and Financing Closed
Fall '07	Plan of Finance Developed		
\\/:\ntor\207			
Winter '07	Bonds Issued and Financing Closed		
Spring '08	Deride looded and I manding closed		

Proposed Authorization Process For University Debt

- BOG Preliminary Approval of Projects and Financing Through Approval of Campus Master Plan and Strategic Plan
- Eliminates SBE Approval of Projects and Financing
- Legislative Approval for Types of Projects Rather Than Specific Projects
- Adds Division of Bond Finance to Review Finance Plan
- Requires BOG Approval of Final Financing Plan
- Provides for Report on Bond Sale by DSOs to BOG

Benefits from Proposed Process

- Significantly Reduces Time From Project Approval to Bond Sale (by more than one year)
- Eliminates Redundant or Duplicative SBE/BOG Approvals
- Provides Clear Guidance for Review and Approval Process Required for Issuing Debt
- Continues Flexibility to use DSOs to Issue Debt Under Appropriate Circumstances
- Will Establish Definitive Criteria for Evaluating Financial Feasibility of Proposed Projects
- Will Enhance Financial Responsibility by Establishing Prudent Debt Management Policies and Practices

Board of Governors Policy

- Requires Board of Governors Review and Approval of University Financings (Including Certificates of Participation)
- Specifies Types of Revenues that can be Pledged to Pay Debt Service on Bonds or Other Forms of Debt and Prohibits Others
- Requires BOG and Division of Bond Finance Staff Review of Proposed Finance Plan
- Requires Report on Sale of Bonds/Debt to BOG

Legislative Actions Needed

- Replace State Board of Education with Board of Governors for Debt Approval
- Specific Legislative Project Approval Replaced with Legislative Approval of Types of Facilities
- Specify the Types of University Revenues that can be Pledged to Pay Debt, i.e., Mandatory Student Fees and Auxiliary Enterprise Revenues and Prohibit All Other Revenue Sources
- Revision of Other Ambiguous or Conflicting Statutes

Two Step Process

• Step 1:

- Adopt BOG Policy for Authorizing and Issuing Debt
- Pursue Legislation Clarifying Process for Authorizing and Issuing Debt

• Step 2:

 Establish Debt Management Policies for University Debt and Criteria for Project Review and Approval