## HB 0119CS

## CHAMBER ACTION

- 1 The Colleges & Universities Committee recommends the following:
- 2
- 3 Council/Committee Substitute
- 4 Remove the entire bill and insert:
- 5 A bill to be entitled
- 6 An act relating to determination of resident status for
- 7 tuition purposes; amending s. 1009.21, F.S.; revising
- 8 definitions; providing conditions for reclassification as
- 9 a resident for tuition purposes; requiring that evidence
- 10 be provided relating to legal residency and dependent
- 11 status; providing duties of institutions of higher
- 12 education; updating obsolete terminology; providing
- 13 additional categories within which students may be
- 14 classified as residents for tuition purposes; providing an
- 15 effective date.
- 16
- 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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- 19 Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) and paragraphs
- 20 (b) and (j) of subsection (10) of section 1009.21, Florida
- 21 Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (1) and (m) are added to
- 22 subsection (10) of that section, to read:
- 23 1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition
- 24 purposes.--Students shall be classified as residents or
- 25 nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in community
- 26 colleges and state universities.
- 27 (1) As used in this section, the term:
- 28 (a) The term "Dependent child" means any person, whether
- 29 or not living with his or her parent, who is eligible to be

- 30 claimed by his or her parent as a dependent under the federal
- 31 income tax code and who receives at least 51 percent of the true
- 32 cost-of-living expenses from his or her parent, as further
- 33 defined in rules of the State Board of Education.
- 34 (b) "Initial enrollment" means the first day of class at
- 35 an institution of higher education.
- 36 (c) (b) The term "Institution of higher education" means
- 37 any public community college or state university.
- 38 (d) $\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{(c)}}$  A "Legal resident" or "resident" means  $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{is}}$  a person
- 39 who has maintained his or her residence in this state for the
- 40 preceding year, has purchased a home which is occupied by him or
- 41 her as his or her residence, or has established a domicile in
- 42 this state pursuant to s. 222.17.
- 43 (e) "Nonresident for tuition purposes" means a person who
- 44 does not qualify for the in-state tuition rate.
- 45 (f) (d) The term "Parent" means the natural or adoptive
- 46 parent or legal guardian of a dependent child.
- 47 (g) (e) A "Resident for tuition purposes" means is a person
- 48 who qualifies as provided in subsection (2) for the in-state
- 49 tuition rate; a "nonresident for tuition purposes" is a person
- 50 who does not qualify for the in-state tuition rate.
- 51 (2)(a) To qualify as a resident for tuition purposes:
- 1. A person or, if that person is a dependent child, his
- 53 or her parent or parents must have established legal residence
- 54 in this state and must have maintained legal residence in this
- 55 state for at least 12 consecutive months immediately prior to
- 56 his or her initial enrollment in an institution of higher
- 57 education qualification.

- 58 2. Every applicant for admission to an institution of
- 59 higher education shall be required to make a statement as to his
- 60 or her length of residence in the state and, further, shall
- 61 establish that his or her presence or, if the applicant is a
- 62 dependent child, the presence of his or her parent or parents in
- 63 the state currently is, and during the requisite 12-month
- 64 qualifying period was, for the purpose of maintaining a bona
- 65 fide domicile, rather than for the purpose of maintaining a mere
- 66 temporary residence or abode incident to enrollment in an
- 67 institution of higher education.
- 68 (b) However, with respect to a dependent child living with
- 69 an adult relative other than the child's parent, such child may
- 70 qualify as a resident for tuition purposes if the adult relative
- 71 is a legal resident who has maintained legal residence in this
- 72 state for at least 12 consecutive months immediately prior to
- 73 the child's initial enrollment in an institution of higher
- 74 education qualification, provided the child has resided
- 75 continuously with such relative for the 5 years immediately
- 76 prior to the child's initial enrollment qualification, during
- 77 which time the adult relative has exercised day-to-day care,
- 78 supervision, and control of the child.
- 79 (c) The legal residence of a dependent child whose parents
- 80 are divorced, separated, or otherwise living apart will be
- 81 deemed to be this state if either parent is a legal resident of
- 82 this state, regardless of which parent is entitled to claim, and
- 83 does in fact claim, the minor as a dependent pursuant to federal
- 84 individual income tax provisions.
- 85 (d) A person who is classified as a nonresident for
- 86 tuition purposes may become eligible for reclassification as a

- 87 resident for tuition purposes if that person or, if that person
- 88 is a dependent child, his or her parent presents documentation
- 89 that supports permanent residency in this state rather than
- 90 temporary residency for the purpose of pursuing an education,
- 91 such as documentation of full-time permanent employment for the
- 92 previous 12 months or the purchase of a home in this state and
- 93 residence therein for the prior 12 months. If a person who is a
- 94 dependent child and his or her parent move to this state while
- 95 such child is a high school student and the child graduates from
- 96 a high school in this state, the child may become eligible for
- 97 reclassification as a resident for tuition purposes when the
- 98 parent qualifies for permanent residency.
- 99 (3)(a) An individual shall not be classified as a resident
- 100 for tuition purposes and, thus, shall not be eligible to receive
- 101 the in-state tuition rate until he or she has provided such
- 102 evidence related to legal residence and its duration or, if that
- 103 individual is a dependent child, documentation of his or her
- 104 parent's legal residence and its duration, as well as
- 105 documentation confirming his or her status as a dependent child,
- 106 as may be required by law and by officials of the institution of
- 107 higher education from which he or she seeks the in-state tuition
- 108 rate.
- 109 (b) Each institution of higher education must:
- 11. Determine whether an applicant who has been granted
- 111 admission to that institution is a dependent child.
- 112 2. Affirmatively determine that an applicant who has been
- 113 granted admission to that institution as a Florida resident
- 114 meets the residency requirements of this section at the time of

- 115 initial enrollment.
- 116 (10) The following persons shall be classified as
- 117 residents for tuition purposes:
- 118 (b) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the
- 119 United States, and their spouses and dependent children,
- 120 dependents attending a public community college or state
- 121 university within 50 miles of the military establishment where
- 122 they are stationed, if such military establishment is within a
- 123 county contiguous to Florida.
- 124 (j) Active duty members of the Canadian military residing
- 125 or stationed in this state under the North American Aerospace
- 126 Defense Command Air Defense (NORAD) agreement, and their spouses
- 127 and dependent children, attending a community college or state
- 128 university within 50 miles of the military establishment where
- 129 they are stationed.
- 130 (1) Full-time employees of international multilateral
- 131 organizations based in Florida that are recognized by the United
- 132 States Department of State and their spouses and dependent
- 133 children.
- 134 (m) A student, other than a nonimmigrant alien within the
- 135 meaning of 8 U.S.C. s. 1001(a)(15), who meets the following
- 136 criteria:
- 137 1. Has resided in Florida with a parent for at least 3
- 138 consecutive years immediately preceding the date the student
- 139 received a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- 140 2. Has attended a Florida high school for at least 3
- 141 consecutive school years during such time.
- 142 3. Has filed an affidavit with the institution of higher
- 143 education stating that the student has filed an application to

- 144 legalize his or her immigration status or will file such
- 145 application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.